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may be secured for your wife, daughter or mother by creating a "living trust" for them. You may thus certainly provide for their future, whatever happens to your own business.

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## Cuticura Will Help You Look Your Best

Make the Cuticura Trio your everyday toilet preparations and watch your skin, hair and hands improve. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and help heal, and the Talcum to powder and perfume.

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## The Famous Beautifier

Have you tried it yet? Thousands everywhere are using it. It is a wonderful tonic for the skin, defies hot summer sun and causes wrinkles, tan, freckles, sallowness, blackheads, sun spots, roughness, redness to quickly disappear. It brings roses to the cheeks and makes anyone look 10 years younger. Gives a youthful complexion and "A skin you love to touch." A single application proves it. See large advertisement soon to appear in this paper. Ask your druggist about it—44c.

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FLATIRON BUILDING GRAMERCY 1293

Must have six high grade young men to sell automobiles, retail. Will give \$200 per week to the right men. Automobile selling experience not necessary. Write for interview. Sales Manager, box 170 Sun-Herald, Herald Square.

## Cuticura Talcum

## Always Healthful

Sample of Cuticura Talcum, Dept. X, Malden, Mass. Everywhere 10c.

## "Very Quick Action."

## THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD:

It may be of interest to you to know that we consider The Sun and New York Herald one of the best real estate mediums in the country—especially high class real estate.

For example, several weeks ago we placed a small display "ad" in your paper to appear on Sunday; the following day a client called and on Tuesday the deal was closed. We consider this very quick action.

E. J. MAAS REALTY CO., Inc., 200 West 102d St.

Use 7-Time SUN-HERALD Real Estate Ads for Multiplied Results.

## BOLSHEVIKI BEGIN ATTACK ON THE STYR

## Reds Bring Up More Troops Against Poles in Lemberg and Kovel.

## NEAR FRONTIER IN NORTH

## Driving Back Defenders in Centre at a Rate of 9 to 12 Miles Daily.

By the Associated Press.

WARSAW, June 20.—The long awaited general attack by the Bolsheviks along the line of the River Styr, in Volhynia, began Monday, and has been repulsed by the heroic work of seven Polish divisions, according to an official statement from army headquarters to-day.

Gen. Budenny, the Bolshevik cavalry commander, brought up infantry reinforcements for the attack, which was designed to break the Polish resistance on the southern front, where they are protecting the defenses of Lemberg and Kovel.

The Bolsheviks on the northern front are in sight of Poland proper. North of Grodno and just east of the Niemen River, they have assembled masses of troops and are attacking along the Vilna railroad in their drive on Grodno. It is estimated the Bolsheviks are committing an average daily advance of from nine to twelve miles in some places. The communists announce that in the region of Novogrudok about twenty-five miles east of Grodno, the Poles are withdrawing westward with but little fighting east of Baranovitchi, but the Bolsheviks repeatedly launched infantry attacks in an endeavor to break the resistance of the Poles, but all the attacks were repulsed.

## Poles Skeptical as to Armistice.

It is estimated that more than half a million responded to the call of the Polish National Council of Defense for troops. The war spirit is dominating Warsaw newspapers. The people generally believe that an armistice would not necessarily mean peace.

Robotnik, the Socialist leader, issued a long appeal calling upon the workingmen to join the colors and serve at the front. While contending for a just peace, Robotnik declared that Poland's independence was endangered by invaders at the country's gates.

Airplane flew over the city dropping pamphlets which stated that there was no news of acceptance of the armistice and that Warsaw was continuing preparation for war.

Major Cedric Fauntleroy of Chicago, chief of aviation of the Second Polish army, was wounded in the right arm and the right leg while leading an air attack upon Gen. Budenny's cavalry south of Lutsk. Major Fauntleroy landed safely within the Polish lines.

## American Flier Missing.

Another American aviator serving with the Kosciuszko squadron is missing. Capt. Arthur Kelly of Richmond, Va., a pilot, started on a flight over the Polish lines five days ago and nothing has been heard of him since.

No trace has yet been received as to the whereabouts of Capt. Martin Cooper of Jacksonville, Fla., who has been missing since he started a flight July 13. Cooper was formerly a newspaper man, having served in various capacities in Chicago, San Antonio and St. Paul. He came to Poland a year ago.

Owing to the rapid advance of the Bolsheviks north of the Pripiet marshes the American Relief Association has evacuated Dnest-Litovsk, where it has been feeding 100,000 refugees.

Kovel, southeast of Brest-Litovsk, the headquarters of the Kosciuszko squadron and a junction point for six railroads, a town for which the Poles have been fighting with all available troops, also has been evacuated by the Americans.

## New Hungarian Cabinet Formed.

BUDAPEST, July 20.—A new coalition Government for Hungary has been formed, the Nationalist and the Farmers parties uniting to create a Ministry under the Premiership of Count Paul Teleky, who also assumes the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Stephen Szabo is Minister of Finance and Julius Rubinek Minister of Commerce.

## FRANCE DECIDES TO AID POLAND

Continued from First Page.

the latter would be materially strengthened.

The Premier referred to the Syrian situation and declared that it was with a view to insuring the independence of the Syrians that the British Government wanted France to accept the mandate for Syria. He said that the Government wanted to cooperate with the Syrians to this end.

He ended his speech with a sudden rebuke of the treaty negotiators, who had failed to see the necessity for repatriating against Germany in the event of a failure to live up to the treaty terms.

"I consider that the Spa arrangement have revised the Treaty of Versailles," said Andre Tardieu, whereupon voices in several parts of the Chamber retorted, "That is evident, and not too soon."

M. Tardieu declared that the revision was against France and in favor of Germany; that the allied Premier had conceded too much to the Germans.

At the Foreign Office in the Quai d'Orsay this evening it was stated that the decision of the Government to uphold Premier Lloyd George's threat against the Soviet was influenced, materially as well as morally, by the apparent disinclination of the Bolsheviks to consider that the Allies had a right to ask for peace on behalf of Poland.

"It may not come to a question of troops, but if it does we will have to do our share," the correspondent of THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD was informed.

"In any event, France's interests are sufficient to warrant the extension of financial aid and munitions to Poland, even though they mean a great sacrifice."

It is generally believed here that the Soviet authorities are bluffing and that the Polish troops, if they are sure of the aid in money, guns and shells, will be able to stop the Bolshevik advance.

The Russian aim, an official of the Foreign Office here said, seems to be to reach the interior of Poland before the French and the Poles, and then to withdraw to an armistice line, leaving civilian groups of Bolshevik agitators throughout Polish territory to spread their insidious propaganda.

## BRITAIN WILL URGE POLES TO ASK PEACE

## Reds, in Note, Said Offer Should Come From Warsaw.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD, Copyright, 1920, by THE SUN and NEW YORK HERALD.

London, July 20.—What is admittedly a serious situation in Syria is being widely discussed in London, following the attack in the House of Commons yesterday on the Government's Syrian policy. The consensus of opinion informed was that a serious clash between the French and the Arabs under King Faisal could be averted only by a miracle.

The strength of the armed forces of King Faisal was placed at upward of 10,000 well trained and equipped men, sufficient to cause a vast amount of trouble in Syria, which might easily spread into Mesopotamia and, indeed, throughout all the Near East. There

was criticism who professed to see possibilities of a Syrian configuration spreading until all the Moslem world was united with the Bolsheviks against western civilization and Christianity.

The charge was made in the Commons that Premier Lloyd George had violated Great Britain's war pledges to the Arabs and that this breaking of faith was bound, if persisted in, to be reflected in the attitude of Moslems everywhere toward the British. France was included in this criticism.

Gen. Gouraud had not threatened conquest against Faisal, but merely moved up his troops within the well defined French zone so as to occupy strategic rail centres vital to the safety of the French troops. "It was what we would have done in Mesopotamia if similarly threatened," he explained.

He explained that the French are in temporary charge of Syria under the Turkish armistice terms, as are the British in Mesopotamia and the Greeks in Smyrna. He refused to throw light on whether Faisal was coming to Europe in an endeavor to straighten out things, but said

The note from Moscow is an elaborate document of eleven pages. It is cleverly drafted and in its propaganda character reveals the hand of Nikolai Lenin. "Have we any guarantee that if the Soviet Government accepts the suggestion of allied intervention and grants a pause to hostilities there will not be produced another Wrangel incident?" the note asks.

This was an allusion to the defeat of Gen. Denikine in South Russia and to the opening of a vigorous offensive by the anti-Bolshevik armies during the armistice, which was obtained by the British on the Denikine front.

It appears now that the British Government will renew the pressure on Faisal to induce him to accept the armistice, which was obtained by the British on the Denikine front.

## FEISAL THREATENED WITH NO CONQUEST

## Bonar Law Defends French Movement in Syria.

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NEW YORK

## Interest and Taxes

Financial opinion of weight, right or wrong, is under the impression that the restriction placed upon credits by the Federal Reserve Banks at the present time is primarily due to the congestion of rediscounts of Liberty Bond loans carried for member banks, resulting from the well remembered urge to buy bonds liberally and borrow from the banks.

A suggestion: The relief of this condition, it seems to the Harriman National Bank, could be readily accomplished by a conference with England and France, looking to an agreement whereby the Allied debt of ten billion dollars owing the United States, now in the form of promissory demand notes, could be changed into obligations of fixed maturity, at terms and rate of interest which the Allies could meet, and the new securities offered to American investors.

That these securities at a suitable price would be absorbed is attested by the recent over-subscription of such new flotations as Armour & Co., General Motors, and the Swiss Government. As the foreign securities were sold, the proceeds could be applied to retirement of a like amount of Liberty Bonds, thereby relieving the Federal Banks and releasing credit for use in trade.

An equally important result would be the reduction of the Government debt from approximately twenty-five billion dollars to fifteen billion dollars, with a correspondingly large saving to the public in taxes that fall upon us to pay Liberty Bond interest.

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ART HICKMAN ORCHESTRA

ZIEGFELD HUNGARIAN FOLK

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Palace Thea. W. 42d St. Eves. 8.30.

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